The Port of Virginia

Norfolk International Terminals South Wharf Renovation

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and

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January 13, 2006

400th Anniversary 1607 - 2007

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Cargo Trends – The Big Picture

Introduction to NIT South History, Infrastructure & Operations

How the NIT South Renovation Project Met the VPA's Goals

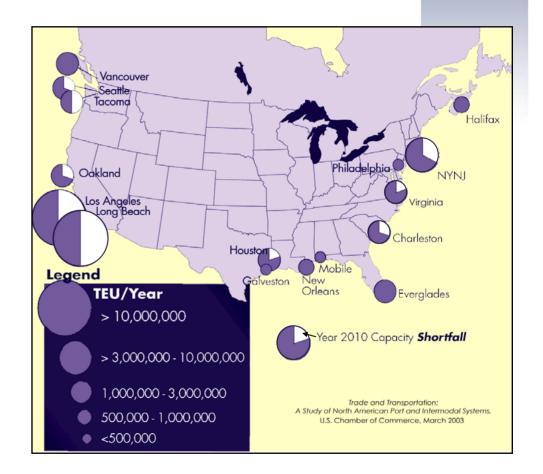
Summary

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National Cargo Trends



- U.S. Cargo Will Double in Volume by 2020
- Panama Canal Commission Forecast East Coast Cargo to Triple by 2020
- Latin American Trade and Transportation Study (2001)
 - 13 Southern US States
 Will Reach Capacity
 Between 2008 and 2012



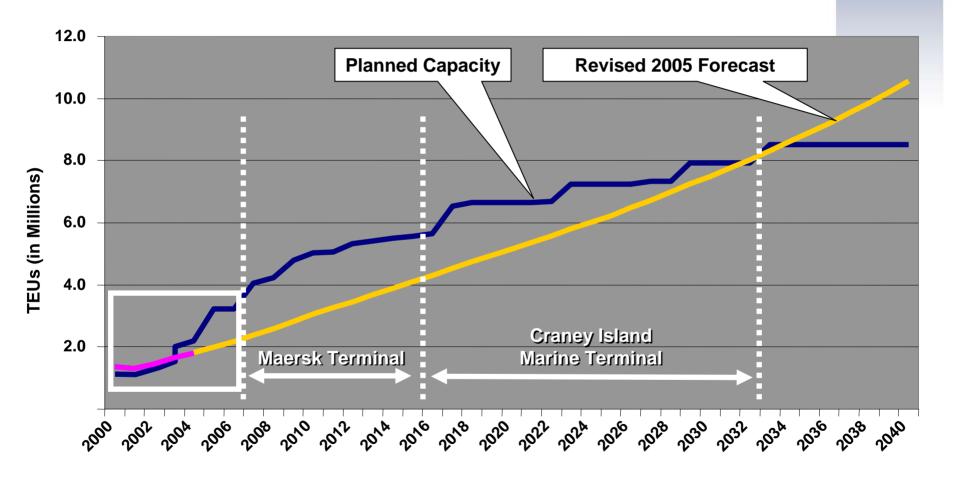
The "China Factor"



- The Nation's Ports as a Whole are Experiencing a 12.2% Increase in Container Trade with Asia
- East Coast Ports are Seeing a 31.7% Increase in Container Trade with Asia
 - All-Water Shipping Routes Both Inexpensive and Stable

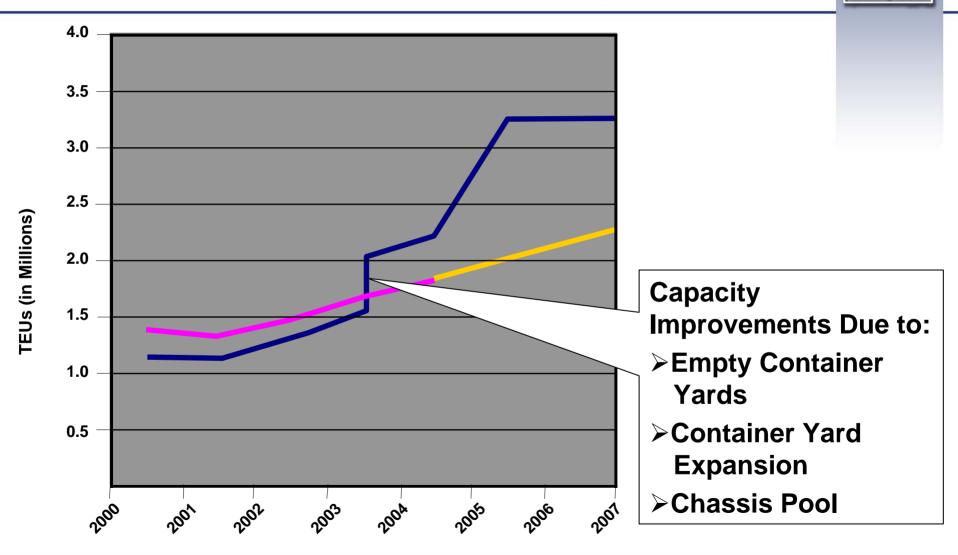


Projected Cargo Demand and Planned Capacity



Source: VPA Master Plan. Forecast numbers represent average increase over the forecast period.

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Growth in Container Ship Sizes

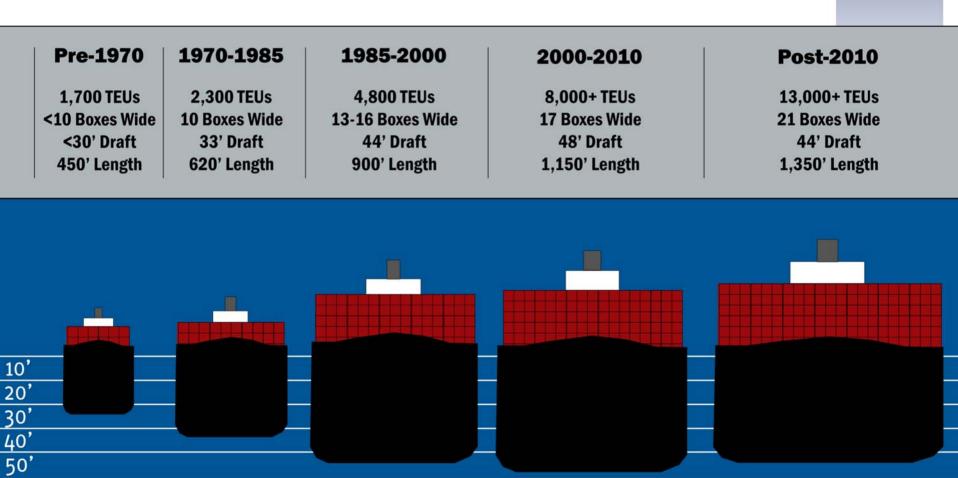


+ 1,053 Feet Long

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Container Ship Evolution





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60'



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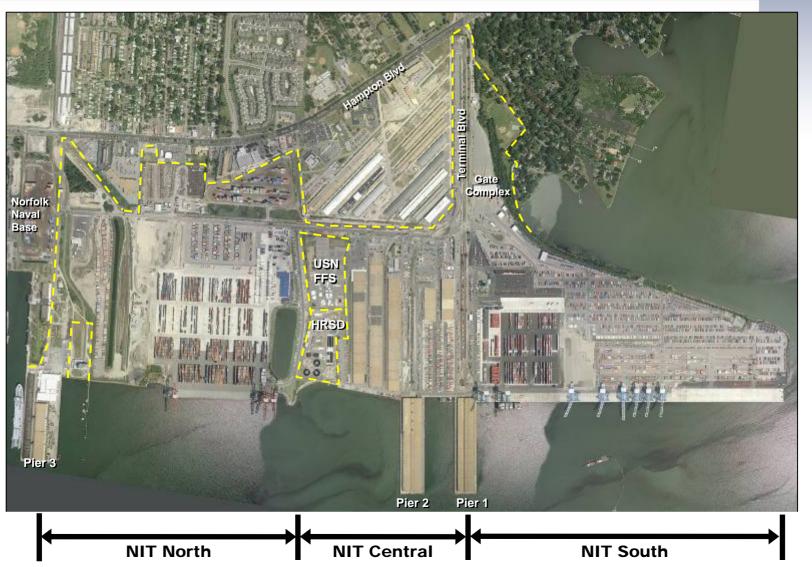
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Norfolk International Terminals





NIT South Timeline



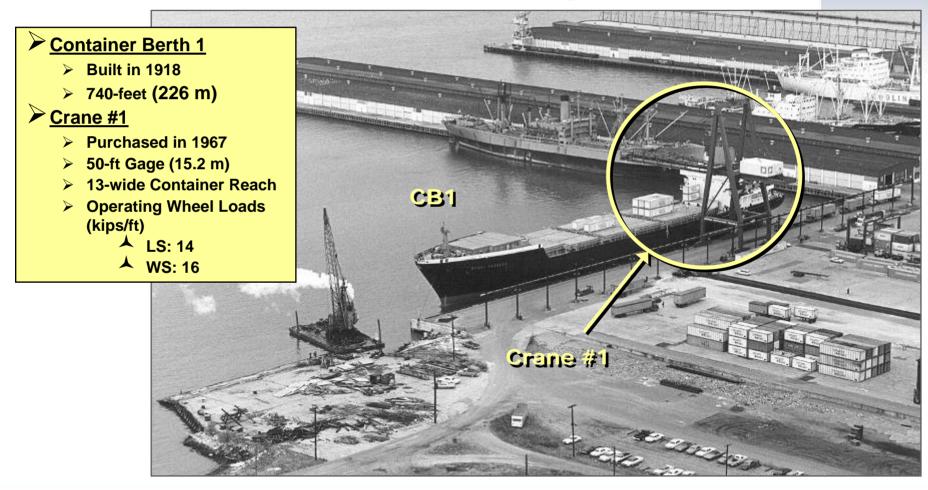
- 1918 Site Was a U.S. Army Quartermaster Depot
- 1964 Site Declared Surplus by Federal Government
- 1965 Acquired by City of Norfolk
- 1967 First Container Crane On Site (CB1)
- 1969 Two More Cranes Added (CB2)
- 1972 Site Acquired by VPA & Another Crane Purchased (CB3)
- 1989 VPA Purchased 3 More Cranes (CB4)





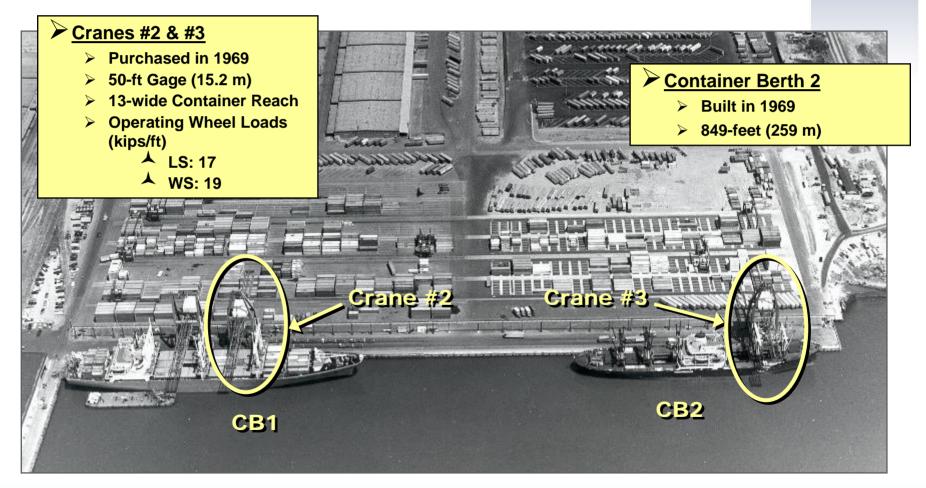


NIT Container Terminal Opened in 1967



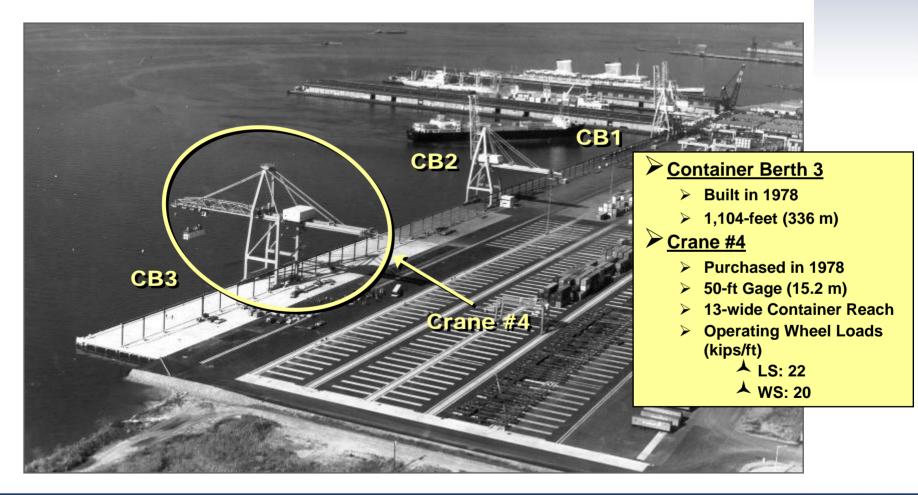


Terminal & Wharf Expansion in 1969



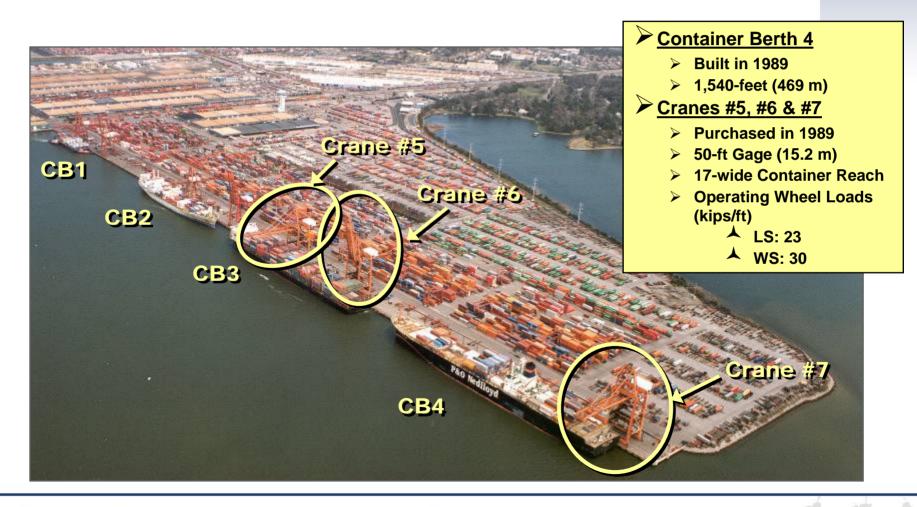


Terminal & Wharf Expansion in 1978





Terminal & Wharf Expansion in 1989



NIT North Straddle Carrier Operations







Overhead
 Busbars Not
 Compatible With
 Straddle Carrier
 Operations

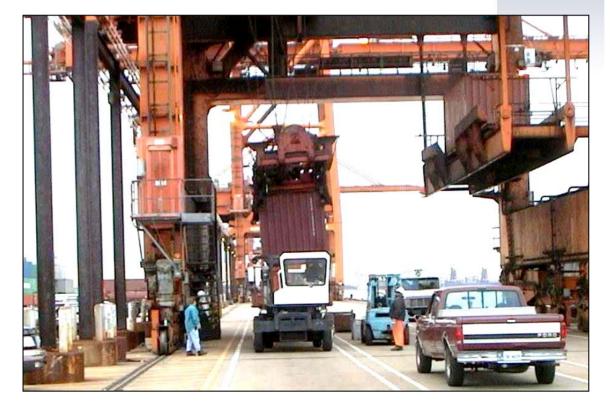








Yard Hustlers Moved Containers From the Wharf

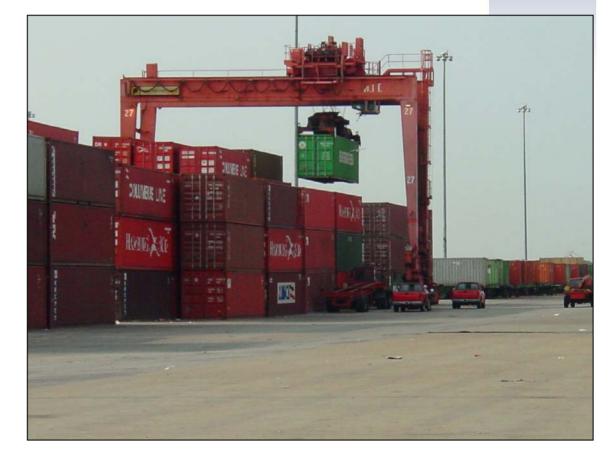








RTGs Stacked Grounded Containers







Valet System Required Large Amounts of Space

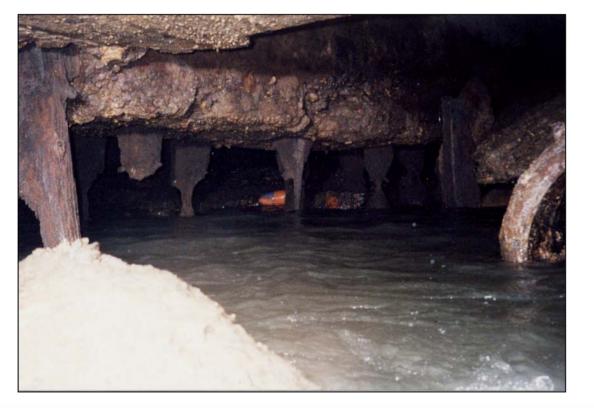




NIT South Existing Conditions Infrastructure



Some Sections of Wharf Over 80 Years Old
 Oldest Container Crane Dated Back to 1967





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NIT South Renovation Overall Project Goals



- Keep Pace With Containerized Cargo Forecasts
- Accommodate Increasing Container Ship Sizes
- Allow for Operational Conversions (Rubber-Tire Gantry v. Straddle Carrier)
- Full Renovation of NIT South Terminal
 - +4,230 Feet (1,289 Meters) of Wharf
 - ***8 New Suez-Class Container Cranes**
 - +140 Acres (57 Hectares) of Container Yard

NIT South Renovation Specific Project Goals



- 1. Increase the Width of the New Wharf Structure to Accommodate 100-Ft Gage Cranes
- 2. Accommodate Dredge Depths to 60-Ft
- 3. Minimize and Mitigate Environmental Impacts
- 4. Re-Use Existing Structures Where Possible
- 5. Accommodate Stormwater Run-Off with No Impacts to Container Operations
- 6. Address Community Concerns About Noise and Pollution
- 7. Maintain Three Operational Berths at All Times During Construction

Wharf Structure



- Face of New Wharf Placed 66 Feet Waterward of Original Structure
 - Minimize Impacts to Yard Operations
 - Flexibility in Meeting Dredge Depths

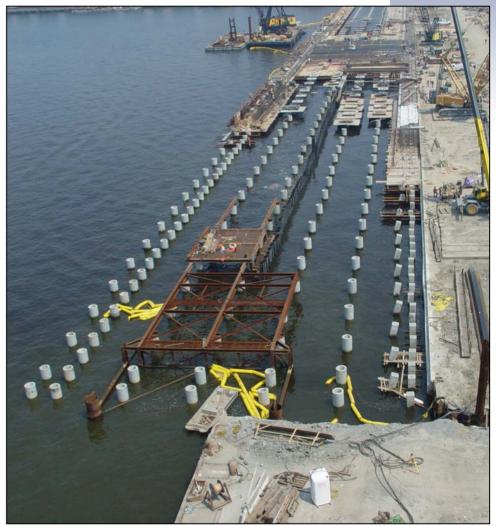




Wharf Structure



- Flat Plate Concrete Structure with Pile Capitals
 - Heep Structure Out of Tide Zone
- > Open Pile Layout
 - Flexibility in Pile
 Driving Tolerances
 (2-Ft. in Any Direction)



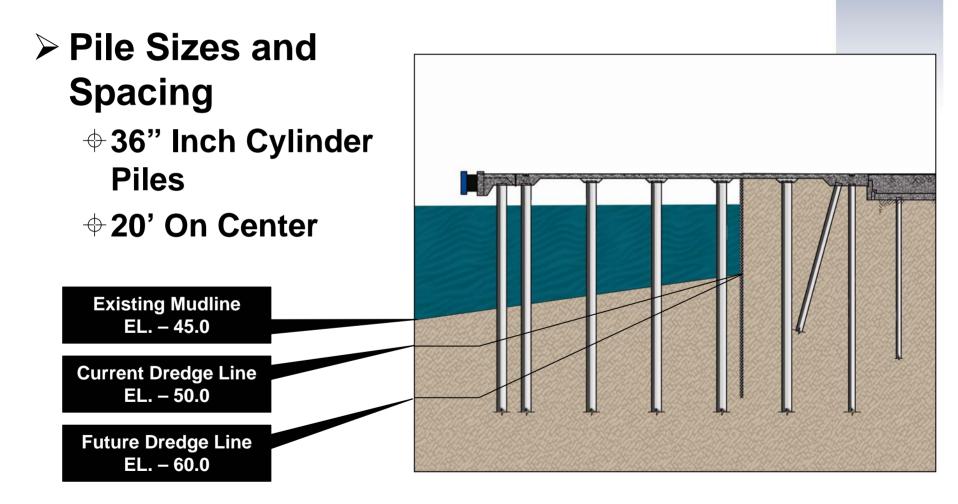
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Dredge Depths







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Environmental Impacts



Open Pile Structure on Same Alignment as Original Structure

- Inimized Need to Fill Additional River Bottom
- Created Only Additional "Shadowing"
- Under-Wharf Detention Basin Impounded Portion of River
- Environmental Impacts Requiring Compensatory Mitigation
 - +5.1 Acres of River Bottom
 - **+**.02 Acres of Vegetated Tidal Wetlands

Compensatory Mitigation

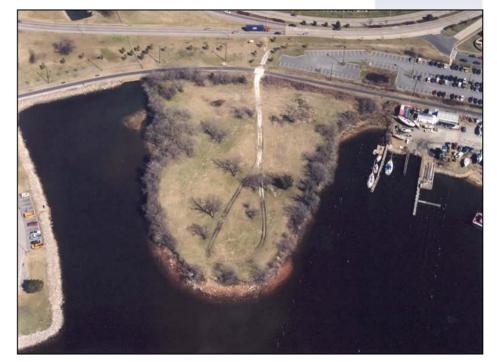


- VPA Believed NIT Renovation Project Deserved High-Profile Mitigation Project
- "Landscape Approach" Convinced Regulatory Agencies of Project Benefits

Proposed Mitigation Type	Compensatory Mitigation Ratio	Required Mitigation for NIT Renovation Impact	Proposed Plum Point Compensation
Tidal Wetlands	2:1	10 acres	1 acre creation
Submerged Lands	1:1	5 acres	1 acre restored
Open Space Preservation	20:1	100 acres	5 acres preserved and enhanced

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- 5-Acre Tract of Unused Land Along Norfolk's Urban Waterfront
- > Eroding Shoreline
- Low Valued
 Vegetation
- > Adjacent Waterway Littered With Debris



Plum Point - April 2002







Timber Piles (Future River Clean-Up Area) South Side of Plum Point March 2002 Eroding Shoreline (Future Wetlands Restoration Area) North Side of Plum Point March 2002



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- 1 Acre of Spartina
 Grass Wetlands
 Creation
- 1 Acre of Submerged Bottom Land Restoration
- 5 Acres of Open Space Preservation and Enhancement



Plum Point – November 2005







Rip Rap Shoreline Protection (River Clean-Up Area) South Side of Plum Point May 2004 Wetlands Planting (Wetlands Restoration Area) North Side of Plum Point May 2004

Plum Point Park Environmental Restoration







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Reuse & Recycle



- Fourth Berth Incorporated into New Structure

 - Phase 4 Completed Quickly
- Demo Materials from Berths 1, 2 & 3 Used as Subbase Elsewhere on Terminal







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Treatment Options Considered



Conventional Pond

+ Loss of 7 to 9 Acres of Container Handling Area

> Underground Collection Pipes

Concerns About Collapse Due to Heavy Wheel Loads at Terminal

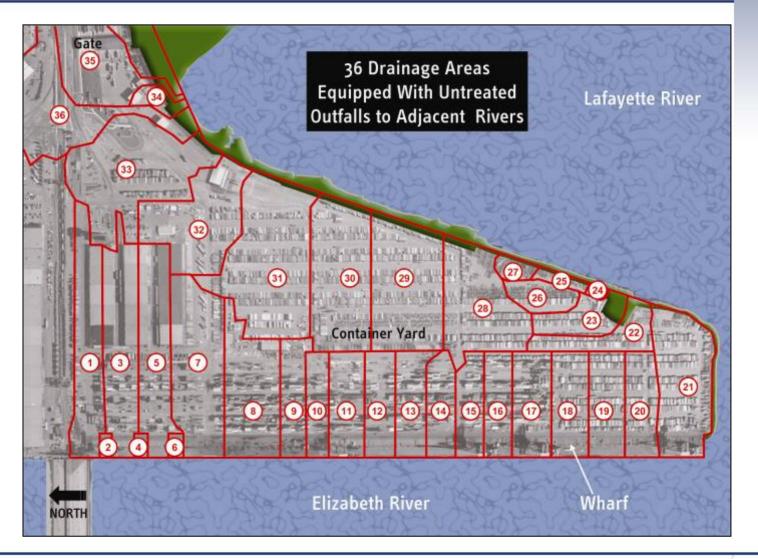
Under-Wharf Detention Basin

Located in Unused Area Below Wharf

Supplemental Stormwater Treatment Devices + Vortechnics[®] Units

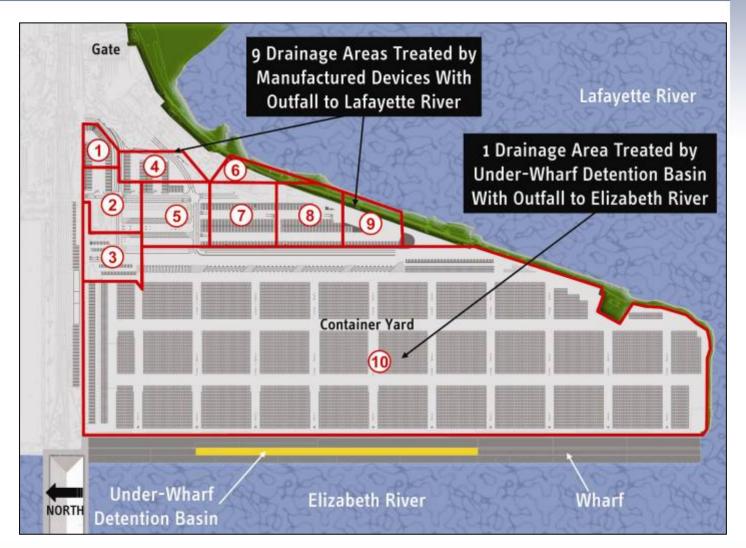
Pre-Project Conditions Hodgepodge Stormwater Drainage Areas





Selected Stormwater Treatment Strategy Consolidated Drainage Areas





Under-Wharf Detention Basin Section View Wharf Water In From Weir & Outlet **Drainage System** Structure Elizabeth River Sediment Collection Sheetpile Wall





- > Met Treatment Requirements
- Located in Unused, Available Space Under Wharf
- Installation Concurrent with Wharf Construction
- Can Accommodate Sediment Volumes Anticipated Over the Life of the Structure
- Obviated Need for a Conventional Storm Water Treatment Pond



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Proximity to Lochhaven





Community Concerns



- > Open Dialogue Between VPA, M&N & Community Leaders
- Construction Noise Concerns
 - Specifications Prevented Night Time/Early Morning Pile Driving
- Environmental Concerns Regarding Health of Adjacent Waterway
 - Educate Citizens About VPA's Stormwater
 Treatment System and Pollution Prevention
 Program



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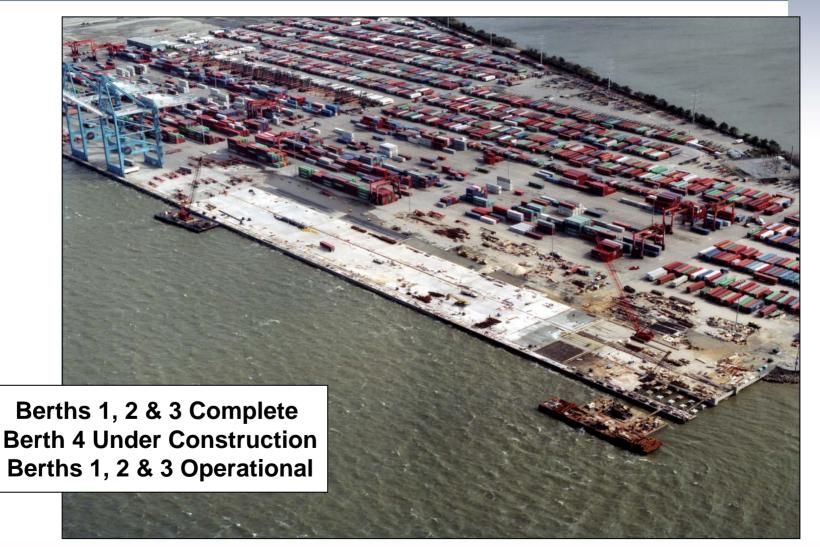




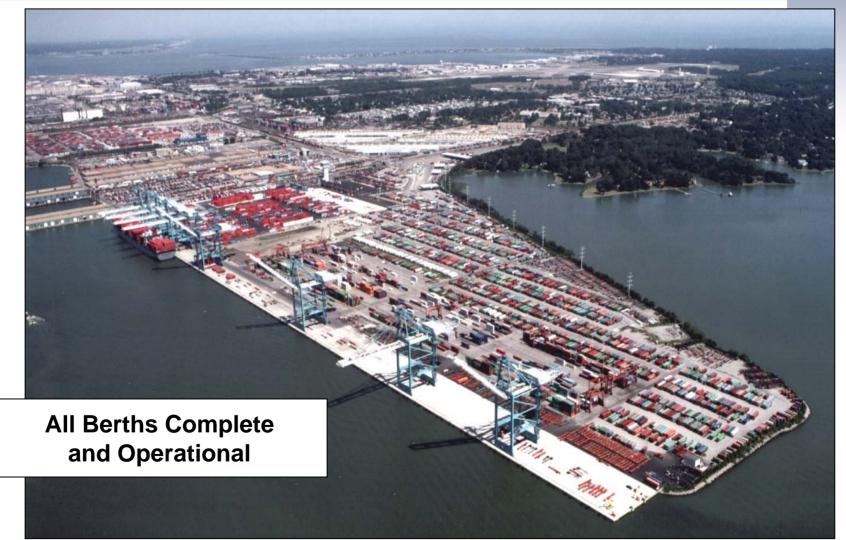






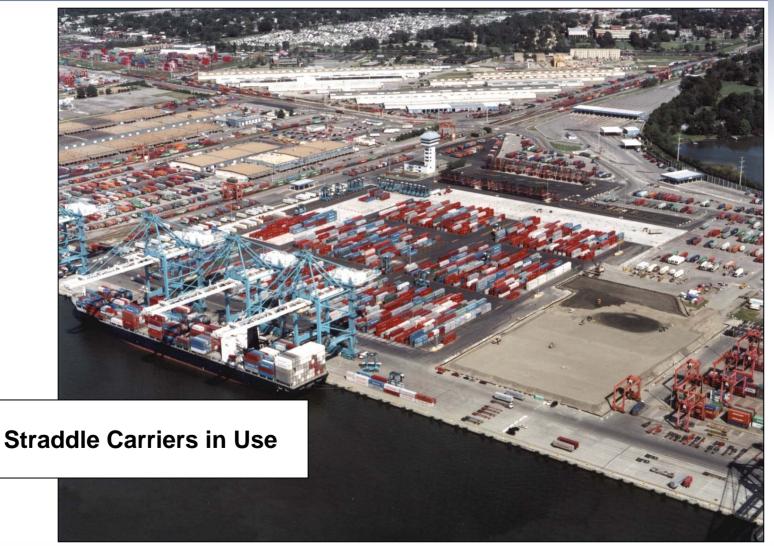






NIT South Operations





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- NIT South Wharf Renovation Can Serve as an Example to the Port Industry
 - Opprade Aging Port Infrastructure
 - One of the second se
 - Innovative Approach to Addressing Environmental Concerns
- VPA Now Has a State-of-the-Art Container Wharf Capable of Service the Industry for the Next 50 Years

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